

Empress Disaster Discussed at Ottawa

The marine disaster off Father Point overwhelmed all else on Parliament Hill last Saturday morning. When the house opened a feeling of dejection and gloom pervaded the chamber. The Prime Minister took his seat with a copy of the latest extract in his hand, and during the preliminary proceedings the early story of the catastrophe was pursued by him.

When the orders of the day were called the Premier rose with the paper in hand: "I would like to say just a word," he said, "respecting the disaster, tidings of which have been brought to us to-day. In awful confusion and in dreadful toll of human life taken the disaster is one which brings a shock such as we in this country have never felt before. I am speaking of the earlier reports. Later reports are more reassuring. I sincerely hope they are true."

"That ship, only two hours out from Quebec in the dead of night and with 1,000 passengers on board, should be so badly damaged as to sink in ten or twenty minutes, comes to us in this country at this hour of the day as appalling shock. I do not believe from the reports which have come in that this is a disaster which could have been averted by anything the country could have done in rendering more safe the navigation of the St. Lawrence River. It came from a fog and could not have been prevented by any safeguards to navigation. In view of the magnitude of the disaster it is fitting that something should be said in this house that we should express our deep regrets for the loss of our profound sympathy for those bereaved."

"The hand of fate has been heavy against us, during the past few months," said Sir Wilfrid, "this is the third disaster on the St. Lawrence route, since navigation has opened two months ago, and in loss of life it has surpassed anything since the wreck of the Titanic. In proportion to the loss of life it even exceeds the Titanic itself. It is premature to express an opinion on the disaster, but it is difficult to believe that such an accident could take place in the St. Lawrence near Father Point and not be prevented."

"I will not pass judgment, and I hope it will turn out to be one of those disasters which could not have been prevented by human agency. The sympathies of all will go out to the victims, and perhaps substantially in another way later on. I will join with the Premier in extending to the families of those who have been lost our sincerest and deepest sympathy."

For life insurance in good, strong companies, see J. J. Landis & Co. Lettermay—Lettermay—Lettermay.

AN INTER-CITY TOURNAMENT. Trap Shooters of Redcliff and Medicine Hat to Contest for Prizes. The Redcliff Gun Club have arranged an inter-city tournament for the amusement of the Medicine Hat and Redcliff marksmen next Tuesday evening, commencing at 6.30.

The main event of the evening will be a 25-shot contest in which the silver trophy donated by the Dupont Powder Co., open to all the shooters of the Hat and Redcliff. After winning it three times, it becomes the property of the champion.

Another event will shoot at 25 birds in which the first prize will be a fine black walnut gun case, with other merchandise going to the best well worth competing for.

A large number of the best shots in the city have promised to be present, and it will be up to the local marksmen to look after their laurels.

Lane's Photo Studio will be open for business again on Monday, June 8.

Keep your eye on Lettermay.

To Move to the Peace River Country

Mr. Nolan was a most interesting visitor to our town last week. He stopped off here to visit his old friend, Mr. Constable, a rancher near Buffalo, Mr. Nolan has been in the Peace River district since last March. His thirteen-year-old and twenty-year-old daughters have been with him in the North Country. Mr. Nolan is a big farmer in Iowa, but was just out on a tour of inspection looking up the many advantages offered in Western Canada. He is delighted with the soil and climate of the Peace River district, and says it is destined to become Canada's greatest farming centre. Mr. Nolan is on his way back to Iowa to dispose of his farm there and move to Peace River as soon as possible.

On his journey back from the North Country Mr. Nolan had two daughters were thirty-five days in the saddle and thoroughly enjoyed the trip.

COMMUNICATIONS.

While we are always glad to publish communications dealing with questions pertaining to the welfare of the town we do not hold ourselves responsible for views expressed in them. We will be pleased to publish any such as long as the privilege is not abused, and always reserve the right to accept or reject them. We will allow no personal abuse to be aired under this heading.—Ed.

TOWN BUILDING.

To the Editor of The Review: It is an old idea that to successfully build a town no person should settle in it at first but men of means. That idea is all right so far as goes, but for practical town building, mechanics are needed to a great extent. Now, take a superintendent of construction in any town and vote him to make money to use on public works. He is bound to have skilled men on every branch of work he undertakes, to make a success of each particular job, and to keep the expenses of each branch of civic work within the limits of expenditure, allowed by the rate-payers. On the other hand if a superintendent is minus sufficient mechanics, and entrusts his work entirely to the laborer, the work goes on slowly, causes dissatisfaction and worry to the superintendent, and usually costs more money in the long run than would otherwise be allowed. Therefore, in view of the work that this town will have to undertake in the near future, to bring it to a modern standing, thereby attracting the manufacturer, the investor and the home builder, do not turn the mechanical work over to the town and strive to get a footing so as to build a home and help to build the locality. About five weeks ago a man came into town and eventually got a job as a laborer on the town staff. The laboring men and others in the town soon started to kick, which caused a lot of unpleasantness, and eventually the kick prevailed, and he became idle again. The superintendent gave him a bad report of the town. But no doubt he is happy in the thought that things will be all right for him. He is a married man, has had nine years on civil construction work in one of our Western cities, also ten years on the other side of the construction work in Old Country. If he is given a little management no doubt some day he will become a most desirable citizen.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for the space, I am yours truly, ALF ROWLAND.

HOW ABOUT THE CHICKENS. Editor of The Redcliff Review: I would consider it a favor of your work kindly state my complaint through the medium of your paper. I have sent me just \$60 to the bank and have my lot and now have just a garden and keep the few out. You spoke some time ago about hearing the song of the lawn mower. The chickens will save us the expense of a mower. I should like here once again to ask the Council if it is just to a ratepayer who is trying to make the place respectable and tidy to be moved in his way. If the Council is looking interest in the town, do you think our Secretary-Treasurer would allow us to ask the public to help know what can be done without committing themselves. RATEPAYER.

Watch Lettermay.

SEVERAL NEW VISITORS IN REDCLIFF THIS WEEK.

A larger number of visitors have been in Redcliff this week than for several weeks past. There is no apparent reason for this except that they have heard of this town and have dropped in to see what development has taken place here in the short period of four years. Some were asked to give their opinion of our town and in every instance they had nothing but praise to offer. This is very gratifying to those who have helped to build this town, and it shows how Redcliff is looked upon by strangers.

While business conditions here are not all that could be desired yet the traveler gets a marked difference between this town and most of the others he has visited.

Lettermay's leaves lead.

BORN. Friday morning June 5, 1914, a boy, to Mrs. E. H. Ballhorn, a boy, is coming to report the new arrival is a fine looking young fellow.

Lettermay's leaves lead.

Calendarians Elect New Secretary.

At a meeting of the Redcliff Calendarians Football Club held last night, Mr. W. R. McLean was elected secretary to succeed the late Mr. Dingwall.

Lettermay will make good.

THE WEEKLY SUN AND FREE FOOD

Believes Free Food Would be Against Farmers' and Consumers' Interests.

"How is the Western farmer to fare in the new '73 for the abolition of the Canadian duties on all kinds of food should prevail?" enquire the Weekly Sun. "When reciprocity was advocated in 1911 it was maintained that by withdrawing our duties 'on our various products, the Canadian farmer got less for them in the home market than he would get if they were admitted free to the United States. This was the cardinal plea for reciprocity. It is now it is asserted in England that, speaking generally, the cost of living is higher on this side of the line than on the other, and they would repeat the Canadian duties on food of every sort in order to afford relief to the artisan and wage-earner. It is obvious, however, that if they reduced the home price of food they would damage the farmer's interests. How could Ontario supply fruits, canned goods, meats and dairy produce to the West if these commodities were allowed in free from the neighboring States? The orator who addresses himself to this subject employs a variety of eloquent arguments that move the audience and probably himself as well."

"Everyone knows that, in the face of the existing Canadian duties, the West is importing increased quantities of butter, pork, poultry, vegetables, raw fruit, canned fruit and meat from the States. The American producer has the advantage of geography over the producer in Old Canada as well as in most cases of climate; in addition to this his canneries and packing houses do a far larger business than ours, and his rule turn cheaper goods for their reason. It is not necessary to labor the point that if our duties were removed the co-operative movement outlined by the Sun would come to grief."

The attitude of such a well known farm paper should cause every Canadian to consider carefully what he stands on this important question. It should always be borne in mind that it is much easier to feel good than to build up. Once we take our food duties off and allow American food products to be dumped into Canada free of duty whenever it suits the American food producer to ship into our market, we would build up interests which would make it next to impossible to shut them out again.

TALK HOW TO KEEP THE MONEY AT HOME. A Western Canadian's Advice to the Farmers of Saskatchewan.

With the rapid development of industrial centres in Saskatchewan and other Western Provinces, the time is coming when the Western farmer will have all he can do to cater to the home market demand. It is a great opportunity to have and we trust you will make your best effort to meet it," says the Saskatchewan Creamery Company, Limited, in a circular to the farmers of Saskatchewan. "The cold season is approaching when the supply of cream will decrease. There are large quantities of outside butter being sold in the Province to-day, because the demand is greater than the local production. We trust you will feed your cows liberally and produce a large amount of cream, so that you can ship frequently and help keep the money at home, that is now being sent to other parts of the world."

PRICES IN 1914

Terrene Glade on High Cost of Living Seventy Years Ago

According to the Toronto Globe factory cost sold for 37 cents a bushel in 1841 when there was no flour on it. To-day it costs 60 cents average less than 10 cents, some quantities selling as low as 5 cents. It seems almost incredible that the policy of economic protection in home industry which has been up vast cotton factories in Canada has done so without burdening the consumer.

Those who lived in the good old days had more grounds for complaint about the 'bad' cost of living than we have today. Years ago Canadians had little money to buy with. To-day they have money even for high priced goods.

PAY-ROLL FARMING

A Successful Mixed Farmer—The Development of Urban Centre

The location of manufacturing industries in a certain town is affording a ready market for the diversified and perishable products of the mixed farmer. To-day one of the farmers in the C.P.R. irrigation block in Alberta is able to carry practically the entire running expenses of a big dairy, poultry and garden. This diversified farmer has the advantage over the straight grain raiser in that he has many days in the year when he is receiving cash in settlement for his products as against only one day when the grain farmer sells his grain to the elevator.

Pays as He Goes

The farmer in question lives near Edmonton. He has spent some \$2,000 on improvements, has 185 acres in crop, 75 acres summer fallowed or broken for next year, and 70 head of stock. He employs two hired men one all the year round, and the other for the summer season only. The fact that he favors mixed farming enables him to pay his way as he goes. With from 15 to 18 cows in milk, his average cheque from the sale of cream is \$110 per month. He has 15 head of horses which, besides his own use, have netted him \$600 this past summer. He sold in June \$1,300 worth of stock, and will have two more carloads ready for shipment in November, besides keeping the household in meat—small items this.

His hired men he has had extra men around all summer, building.

Farm and Factory Interchange As factory industries increase in Calgary, Medicine Hat, Edmonton and elsewhere, the possibilities of mixed farming will be still greater. Every new factory of any account means at least one hundred more mouths to be fed. Unlike the grain farmer, the mixed farmer has no great distances because of their more or less perishable nature. It is the factory worker who is really the greatest benefactor of the mixed farmer. All economic history proves that the prosperity of the people is greater where there is a constant and convenient interchange between products of the farm and the factory. This is the aim of Canada's present trade policy, and that it is succeeding is borne out by such figures as are quoted above, and many others which could be cited from better parts of Western and Eastern Canada.

MIXED FARMING

What a Grand Dealer Goes About a Convenient Home Market

Mr. James Caruthers of Montreal, one of the largest grain dealers in Canada, at the conclusion of his recent trip through the West, said that the farmer in the West depended in the future for success in taking up mixed farming. He stated that he had urged the wherever he went, and he probably could see the danger under present conditions if there was a failure in the wheat crop.

Large Packing Plants Mr. Caruthers stated that about Edmonton there were many large packing firms and that farmers were beginning to raise pigs and sheep and cattle and use the nearer grains and oats in feeding them, and he said that it was paying them well. Mr. Caruthers stated that at present the farmer was getting some protection.

The railway companies, said Mr. Caruthers, have seen the importance in educating the farmers to take up mixed farming and have spent thousands of dollars on it. They understood that the good news of the country depends on it and that prosperity will follow which will attract more people to the country.

With the steady development of industrial and wholesale centres in Western Canada there is an increasing demand for mixed farming. Apart however from this convenient home market, which is steadily increasing in size, many of the products of mixed farming, through modern cold storage facilities, can be shipped advantageously to foreign countries.

SHOOTING IN THE STATES

Redcliff in Prices Was Brought About by Competition

Practically the only article of universal consumption that shows a rise in its price in the last year in the United States is meat, the cost of which is about 8 per cent. lower than it was in 1913. The fact the price of eggs has not only declined in 1913 as compared with 1912, but it is the only commodity in a big list on which data has been given by the United States

CYPRESS HILLS COUNTRY TO BE PROBED FOR OIL

What may, perhaps, develop into another field has been taken up by J. L. Jenkinson, of Jenkinson and Craig, J. F. Bradford and other associates in the Cypress Hills district, about thirty miles southeast of Medicine Hat.

Messrs. Jenkinson and Bradford have taken up about 25,000 acres of land in the district and have organized a company capitalized at \$1,000,000 for the purpose of prospecting and developing the area. The shares will appear on the market shortly.

The sales cropping out on part of the land taken up show oil bearings to a marked extent and the anticlines are very distinct.

So far back as 1881 a Dominion

geologist named Dawson made an extensive report on the Cypress Hills fields, which special mention is made of the seapines found.

Fastest Trip from New York to San Francisco.

The oil-burning freight steamer Saint Cruz has made a record trip from New York to San Francisco. The route was through the Strait of Magellan, and the time was 47 days, 4 hours. The distance is about 13,000 miles.

Houses to Rent.

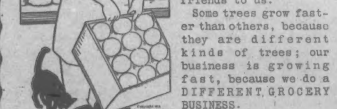
Well situated, rates very reasonable. Gladly shown upon application. A. J. Nicholson, phone 67; office on Broadway.

CASH! CASH! CASH!

Notice, on and after June 1st, our business will be carried on STRICTLY CASH. Please do not ask for credit.

The Master Grocer "Says":

Come to us FIRST when you want to buy anything. This means that you will come regularly. You will find our groceries to be the "best you ever ate." We will get ALL of your business and you will send your friends to us. Some stress grow faster than others, because they are different kinds of trees; our business is growing fast, because we do a DIFFERENT GROCERY BUSINESS.



SPECIALS
4-lb. pail Robertson's Creamery, 15c.
Black Currant Raspberry Jam, 15c.
Strawberry Jam, per gal. 75c.
16-oz. Can Baking Powder, 15c.
6-lb. pail Ticker's pure Strawberry Jam, 15c.
4-lb. pail Empire pure Raspberry Jam, 15c.
FRESH FRUIT AND VEGETABLES IN SEASON.

The Leading Fruit and Grocery Store.

Free Delivery **WM. KEATS** Third Street Phone 41

What a Grand Dealer Goes About a Convenient Home Market

Mr. James Caruthers of Montreal, one of the largest grain dealers in Canada, at the conclusion of his recent trip through the West, said that the farmer in the West depended in the future for success in taking up mixed farming. He stated that he had urged the wherever he went, and he probably could see the danger under present conditions if there was a failure in the wheat crop.

Did This Ever Occur to You

As an Advertiser, that, not infrequently, you pay an advertising rate for circulation which, for some reason or other, is absolutely wasted?

There is no waste to the circulation of The Review, as every copy goes into the hands and homes of the intelligent men and women of Redcliff from week to week, who make and spend their money in the City of Redcliff.

Y ou Annoucement in the Review would therefore be money well spent.

The Review

HATCHER & HUBBS, Publishers.

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW

HATCHER & HUGHES, Publishers.
Subscription - \$1.50 Per Year
Advertising Rates on Application

FRIDAY, JUNE 5, 1914.

NEW MAIL SERVICE

The new mail service that went into force last Monday morning is one of the worst that could have been inaugurated for Redcliff. Under the present service the people of this town will receive no mail from the east from 9.10 a. m. Saturday to 9.10 a. m. Tuesday. By what course of reasoning the postal authorities adopted this service is hard to tell, considering the fact that Redcliff is on the main line of the C. P. R. and is one of the most important towns on that system in the West. This is a terrible handicap to the business interests of the town and should be changed. For a place of 3,500 people this town has a very heavy mail. This is accounted for from the fact that Redcliff is essentially a manufacturing town and the mail service is a very important matter to them. Everything possible should be done by our public bodies to see that the service is changed.

It seems to us that the postal authorities and the C. P. R. should get together and give the country a better mail service.

It is a well-known fact that the mail service of Canada is one of the poorest and we believe it is because the government allows the railroads to dictate the terms on which it will carry the mail; and then again if for any chance a railroad should have a divisional superintendent who is not as too friendly to a town on his division he is very likely to arrange the running time on that division so as to hurt that town all he can. This, we believe, is the trouble at the present time. Train No. 3, that arrives here at 9.10 a. m. each day, carries the mail, but because the divisional superintendent on this division has made Redcliff a flag station our mail is put off at Medicine Hat and is brought to Redcliff by No. 13, which arrives here at 10.20 p. m., thirteen hours later. No. 3, although a flag train, stops here every day to discharge or take on passengers and there is no reason why this same train should not bring the mail through and drop it off here and receive the outgoing mail, as it could be done while passengers were being discharged and would occasion no additional delay.

THE RUTHENIAN SCHOOL CASE

The recent attack on Hon. J. R. Boyle, Minister of Education, by the Ruthenian press of Edmonton, will do that gentleman no harm. Rather, the manner in which he handled the case in point will boost his stock 50 per cent. with the people who are bent on making this a loyal province in the British Empire.

Mr. Boyle followed the only logical method of dealing with the case and did so with a strong hand, which will teach the Ruthenian population a much needed lesson. The Ruthenians may be a desirable class of citizens as developers of our resources, but unless they assimilate themselves to Canadian laws and customs, including our language, we want none of them.

Mr. Boyle was a notable victory in the case cited. He will have the backing of all good Canadians to following it up, and using the most drastic measures to gain his point.

Children Taken Care of by Post Office

The British post office is one of the most accommodating services in the world. For instance, for the day postage, it will conduct a person from one address to another in any given city by express messenger.

It will, and occasionally does, send an express messenger to meet a child at a railway station and pay it safely across London to London.

In the same way it sometimes conducts strangers round London, the cost being the ordinary mileage fee, plus the fare of a conveyance if a cab or omnibus is taken.

Nearly any package can be dispatched by mail. The post office, however, is rarely required to perform special services for living beings. The mail more frequently to the District Messengers.

"Just now, for example," Mr. Arthur Lord, the general manager of the District Messengers company, informed a newspaper representative, "we are busy meeting children arriving in London from school. We meet them at the station, and in some cases give them some lunch or tea, then show them round the town, and see them safely off home from our station."

"The same system applies to dogs and cats, especially to prize cats, which are sent up to London in crates or hamper. I remember that one lady used to write each time, 'Please see that the cat does not get in any trouble.'"

"We have also taken an elephant, and at another time a donkey, across London."

Recalling other services that can be and are occasionally being performed by district messengers, Mr. Lord recalled a boy in neat blue uniform wheeling a perambulator and doing his best to make the baby, whilst his mother and the servant had to be away from home.

TOTAL PROHIBITION WANTED FOR ALBERTA

Total prohibition of the liquor traffic in Alberta is the object on which the temperance people in the province have set their eyes. It is intended to introduce a petition under the direct legislation act in the legislature this fall. Under this act any number of electors, forming not less than 20 per cent. of the total votes polled at the previous general election, may present a petition to the legislature asking for the enactment of any proposed act. The legislature, on receiving such a petition for any act, may either pass the act without amendment, or only such amendments as do not constitute a substantial alteration. If the legislature desires to make any important amendments to the act it must be submitted to a vote of the electors, the writ for the election to issue not later than three months, nor later than ten months after the close of the session.

ALBERTA JUVENILE ACT NOW IN FORCE

A proclamation has been issued by the government bringing the act respecting juvenile delinquents into force in Alberta on Saturday, April 25. The legislature of Alberta, having passed an act providing for the establishment of juvenile courts, a proclamation bringing the Dominion act into force is necessary.

NOTICE

IN THE MATTER OF THE COURT OF CONFIRMATION OF THE TAX ENFORCEMENT RETURN OF THE TOWN OF REDCLIFF, IN THE TOWN OF ALBERTA.

TAKE NOTICE THAT His Honor, Judge C. H. D. of the District Court of the District of Calgary, has appointed Wednesday, the 15th day of July, A.D. 1914, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court House in Medicine Hat, the time and place for the holding of the Court of Confirmation to confirm the Tax Enforcement Return of the Town of Redcliff, A.D. 1913.

DATED at Redcliff, the 28th day of April, A.D. 1914.

A. B. CLOW,
Solicitor for the Town of Redcliff.

McLachlan & McLean

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

Estimates Given for Any Class of Work in the Building Line.
REDCLIFF, - - - ALBERTA
Workshop, Second Street N. E.

A Betrayed Confidence That Led to an Indian War

A young United States army officer—Tom Custer, brother of Gen. George Custer—was taken by a government agent in 1874 to witness a strange Sioux ceremony, the ceremony of "raising their hands to certain Indian braves."

The agent (so he later declared) consented to take Custer to the ceremony only on the officer's solemn promise never to tell any one what he might see or hear there. The youthful Indian who was to undergo ordeals and receive honors that day was a Sioux known as Rain-in-the-Face.

To test the youth's endurance, his fellow savages put him to various forms of torture, one detail being to suspend him from the top of a pole by slivers struck through the muscles of his shoulders. Then he was called upon to tell of any special deed of prowess he had performed.

Rain-in-the-Face, in answer to this request, told of meeting two white men in the mountains. He said they had disregarded his "peace sign" and had fired on him. Whereat he had followed them for days, and at last had killed and scalped them while they were asleep.

Tom Custer was filled with indignation at the tale. He galloped to the nearest fort, and disregarding his alleged promise, reported to the military authorities there the confession he had heard. A company of cavalry was at once sent to capture Rain-in-the-Face.

The Indian was seized, dragged to the fort and locked up there, pending his trial for murder. The hat in which he was imprisoned was unheated and half full of drifted snow. "Rain-in-the-Face broke out, stole a horse and galloped for the distant mountains. Only once did he muse in his flight. That was when he chanced to meet a man who was on the way to the fort. To this traveller the Indian entrusted a message.

"Tell Tom Custer that some day I will catch his heart out!"

The reservations and other Indian lands were no longer safe refuges for the fugitive. So he fled to the mountain camp of a band of Sioux murderers, braves, thieves and other outlaws, whose "medicine man" was the infamous Sitting Bull.

At once Rain-in-the-Face became a leader in this savage band. He was the type of man who would have been a leader anywhere. What Sitting Bull accomplished by craft this new chief-tain accomplished by force. He led a wild, tough, and a fairly effective fighting machine, and to his credit he kept his hatred for the white man.

Rain-in-the-Face was making ready to fulfill his threat against Tom Custer and revenge himself on the white race in general. Soon, under his urging and that of Sitting Bull (whom he despised as a coward), the band was going for the warpath. And the war began.

There were the customary running fights, depredations, butcheries and tortures that have accompanied nearly all Indian wars. The climax came on June 26, 1876, when, near the Little B's Horn, Gen. Custer's force

rode into an ambush skillfully planned by Rain-in-the-Face and Sitting Bull. There was a fierce battle—a battle of annihilation. The soldiers, outnumbered and out-manoeuvred, were slaughtered almost to a man. Even in the forefront of the fight, Rain-in-the-Face, seeking Tom Custer, twice he was wounded—once in the thigh, once in the knee—by bullets. But he kept on in his quest. At length (according to his own story), he came face to face with the man whose heart he had sworn to cut out.

Rain-in-the-Face, shouting aloft his own name as he rushed in his foe, struck Tom Custer dead. Then, kneeling on his victim's chest, knife in hand, Rain-in-the-Face fulfilled his terrible threat. He beheaded, too, that killed Gen. Custer, Tom's superior officer and older brother.

The Custer battle news roused the whole country. For, with an overwhelming force, Gen. Custer had advanced against the Indians. They retreated toward the Canadian border. "And, an Canadian

WORTS BROS.

SOUTH END MEAT MARKET.
POULTRY, FRESH MEATS AND FISH
Always on Hand.
HOME MADE SAUSAGES
A Speciality.

Orders Promptly Delivered
Phone 29.

WAGONS

I have just received a shipment of good, strong Wagons, the Wilkinson make, which are selling at following prices:
2 1/2 in. skein, 2-in. tire. \$70.00
3 1/2 in. skein, 2 1/2-in. tire. \$75.00
3 1/2 in. skein, 2 1/2-in. tire. \$80.00
1 1/2 in. skein, 2 1/2-in. tire. \$95.00
Now is the time to buy Wagons.

We are also agents for
MAGNET CREAM SEPARATORS, one of the best makes on the market. FULL LINE OF HARNESS, HEAVY AND LIGHT, always on hand. Repairing Promptly Attended To TWO NEW BICYCLES FOR SALE CHEAP.

J. NICHOLSON
Harnessmaker. Fifth Street.

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List Your Oil Stocks With Us

WE CHARGE A VERY REASONABLE BROKERAGE FEE FOR SELLING AND YOU ARE AT LIBERTY TO RAISE YOUR PRICE OR TAKE YOUR STOCK OFF THE MARKET AT ANY TIME.

WE RECOMMEND PIONEER AND LETTERMAY as some of the best buying on the market.

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW THE MARKET VALUE OF YOUR STOCK WE'LL GLADLY TELL YOU AS WE HAVE REPORTS FROM CALGARY EVERY DAY.

2500 SQUARES MONARCH AT 315
3-A LESS PER SHARE.

THE Shipley Investment Co.
Phone 75. 26 North Third Street.

alan soil, Rain-in-the-Face remained in comfort until it was safe for him to return to the United States.

For Fire Insurance in good, strong companies, see J. L. Landis & Co.,

14th St. and 23 Ave. S. E.

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ESTIMATES SATISFACTION FREE GUARANTEED.
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See Me Plan and Build Your Home.
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Mosler Safes all sizes and Second Hand Safes at Big Reductions.

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ORNAMENTAL IRON CO.

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EVERY GARMENT GUARANTEED

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WESTERN MANUFACTURING CO. LIMITED
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Before You Plan and Build Your House SEE

The Builder Plans Drawn and Estimated Given

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Notice to Redcliff Oil Magnates

NOW YOU WILL BE LOOKING FOR SOME PLACE TO SPEND YOUR MONEY; AND YOU'LL WANT SOMETHING EXTRA GOOD, CLASSY AND NIFTY.

TRY ONE OF OUR MILK SHAKES.

LIKE OUR ICE CREAM, THEY ARE "THE BEST IN THE CITY."

REDCLIFF ICE CREAM PARLOR

North Third Street. Opposite Redcliff Hotel.

A. L. OTTERMAN, Proprietor.

NOTICE

To the Citizens of Redcliff.

I have completed my new hall, which is as near up-to-date as possible and as good as any to be found in larger centres. The main hall is 31 feet 6 inches by 25 feet; will lighted both night and day. It is also well ventilated and has a good kitchen for preparing lunches. This hall is suitable for lodges, dancing parties, banquets, public meetings, etc.

I will appreciate the opportunity of making arrangements with any who may wish to use the hall and will do my best to satisfy in every particular.

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Uncle Sam: "Well, I see Jack Canuck's a pretty long-headed boy. He's induced a lot of my capital to go over to his country."

CAPITAL AND PROFIT WHAT IS FAIR RETURN?

Grain Growers' Grain Company Made
Twenty-five Per Cent
Profit

According to the annual statement of the Grain Growers' Grain Company presented at their annual meeting in Winnipeg on November 12th, profits for the year amounted to \$154,332 on a paid up capital of \$445,361, which is equivalent to 34 1/2%. The profits would have been nearly 50% had not the Company lost over \$170,000 in the export grain business. The statement was generally accepted by the shareholders as a most satisfactory one. The assets of the company are also in very good shape, and their real estate is increasing in value every year.

Several Canadian papers commented on the "go" showing made, among them the "Canadian Courier," which asks and discusses the following pertinent questions: "Should a manufacturer in Eastern Canada, who is making a profit of twenty per cent on his investment, reduce the price of his wares to the public? This is a question which has often been asked and never satisfactorily answered. How would it be to refer it to the Grain Growers of the West, among whose members are men who think the Eastern manufacturer is a robber and bloodsucker? Would this be too hard on the manufacturer, do you think? Well, let us see."

"On November 12th, in the city of Winnipeg, 450 shareholders of the Grain Growers' Grain Company assembled for their annual meeting. These are the people who are said to maintain the 'Grain Growers' Guide,' the paper which is x-rated severe on the Eastern manufacturer. This grain company has a capital of \$445,000 and during the year just ended earned more than 25 per cent. No one criticized these enormous profits. No farmer shareholder called the company a robber or bloodsucker. Every one was pleased. A ten per cent dividend was paid, and the rest of the cash carried forward. Isn't that the answer? If the Grain Growers' Grain Company complacently accept twenty-five per cent in business entitled to do the same? Does not this justify the bankers and manufacturers in accepting a similar return on their investment?"

BILLION DOLLAR NATION

Trade Statistics Show the Wise Policy
to Keep as Much Money as Possible in Our Own Country

Canada is about to become one of the billion dollar nations. Her total foreign trade in 1913, exclusive of payments of precious metals, was \$597,525,591, an increase of \$198,066,055 over 1911. Of the total, \$467,863,264 was trade with the United States, an increase of \$130,191,978 over 1911. The exports to the United States were \$138,217,438; and the imports from the United States were \$129,066,770.

Canada's chief purchases from the United States were metals, minerals, and manufactures of \$118,145,151; coal, oil, and gas, \$41,117,881; wood and many factories of \$34,363,974;—carriages, wagons, etc., \$17,486,397; cotton and manufactures, \$15,333,784.

These figures show that the United States is taking over \$1,000,000 per day from Canada and even so, still sending our exports over and over again to the United States for over \$750,000 per day which we must borrow abroad to pay our debts. The figures

clearly suggest even to a lay reader that we should strive in some way to keep more of this vast sum in Canada where it would circulate over the counters of Canadian merchants, in the pay envelope of Canadian mechanics, in the purses of the Canadian farmers; it is a word in Canada among Canadians. The enormous adverse balance of trade in favor of the United States is a serious matter for a young country and it behooves all of us to consider whether we are doing all we can to keep our money working for us at home. A policy of practical patriotism is badly needed.

THE WILSON TARIFF, THE COST OF LIVING

No Material Change, But Increases in
Anything in the Price of
Food

During the Presidential campaign in the United States the Democrats made much of the argument that a reduction in the tariff, to which they were pledged, would bring a corresponding reduction in the cost of living. By admitting food products from Canada and elsewhere free the consumer in urban centres would be enabled to purchase his food at a proportionately lower price. The Democrats were elected on a compromise vote, and immediately attacked the problem of reducing the duties. If the cost of living was to be reduced one would naturally look for a sympathetic movement in the cost of food products even prior to the enactment of the Democratic low tariff. One would look for this sympathetic movement in vain, however. It was non-existent, in fact prices of food products never rose so rapidly in the United States as in the first eight months of the current year, when the United States people were pulling down part of the tariff wall.

According to the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, retail prices of the principal articles of food in 40 important industrial cities, gathered and compiled by experts, show that during the year 1913 of the 18 articles advanced in price, while only three declined.

Comparison of retail prices on Aug. 15, 1913, with prices on the same date in 1912, shows potatoes advanced 20 per cent.; bacon 38.3 per cent.; smoked ham 17.6 per cent.; eggs 23.8 per cent.; round steak 11.5 per cent.; sirloin steak 10.3 per cent.; pork chops 8.2 per cent.; hens, 6.7 per cent.; oat meal, 6.1 per cent.; rib roast, 7.3 per cent.; butter, 6.7 per cent.; and milk 2.7 per cent. Sugar declined 7.9 per cent.; wheat flour, 5.2 per cent.; and corn meal, 3.7 per cent. Compared with average prices for the 10-year period—1890 to 1899—every article for which prices were noted with the exception of sugar, advanced. Bacon advanced 139 per cent.; pork chops, 124.1 per cent.; round steak, 79.3 per cent.; rib roast, 76.5 per cent.; potatoes, 75.3 per cent.; hens, 73.3 per cent.; lamb, 69.3 per cent.; eggs, 65.4 per cent.; cornmeal, 50 per cent.; butter, 41.9 per cent.

When the price of each of the 18 articles of food, we listed according to average consumption in working men's families, retail prices on Aug. 15, 1913, were 6.1 per cent. above the average price for the 10-year period—1890 to 1899; 8 per cent. above the price on Aug. 15, 1913, and 14.9 per cent. above the price on Aug. 15, 1911. It would seem, on the whole, therefore, that the tariff cannot be blamed for the high cost of living in the United States, and the same is true elsewhere.



Liquor License Ordinance

APPLICATION
FOR

TRANSFER OF LIQUOR LICENSE

Applications has been made by the Laurel Hotel Company Limited, for the transfer to the transfer to the Laurel Hotel, situate on lots 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

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C. H. HARVEY, Sec.

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REBEKAH LODGE
Meets first and third Monday of each
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MISS M. ROBERTSON, Secretary.

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K. of T.
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What the Boy

Scouts are Doing

(From Our Scout Correspondent.)

Special Notice—A meeting of the Redcliff Local Association of Boy Scouts will be held in the Men's Christian League club rooms on Second street, on Wednesday, June 10, at 8 o'clock.

As there will be a number of important points to be settled it is earnestly hoped that all members of the local association will make a special effort to be present at this meeting. Anybody interested in Scouts will also be welcomed. Remember the date, Wednesday, June 10. Last Friday evening, on the invitation of the Scoutmaster and Patrol leaders, spent a most enjoyable evening in "Raid Redcliff." We were sorry that the Medicine Hat Scoutmaster was unable to be present, being away on business. But the boys certainly entertained us in great style. Several competitions took place between the two troops, in which Medicine Hat proved victors, after close contests. The evening ended with a sumptuous supper. We hope that we shall be able to entertain the Medicine Hat Scouts in Redcliff sometime soon, and that last Friday will only be the first of such evenings, which certainly go a long way in promoting friendly rivalry and comradeship between the two troops.

The following boys have passed the tenderfoot tests this week: William Black, Fred Black, Willie Henderson, Frank Kiddell, James Dell, Gordon Lewis, Arthur Symon, making fourteen in all who have now passed this badge. These boys are now busy in preparing up for their second class badge.

The Scoutmaster wishes to make the following statement with regard to what appeared in the editorial of last week's Review: If any parent has any criticism to make regarding the course of the Scoutmaster, it would be far better to make it direct to the Scoutmaster or to the local association, which the Scoutmaster is responsible, and from whom he can learn the actual facts of the case. We hope to have the troop 1 and form by the first of July and we ask parents of scouts to co-operate as far as possible with us in this aim. The price of uniforms will be between 25c and 50c.

Each patrol in the Boy Scouts is named after an animal. The patrol used as a sign between scouts of that patrol when scouting. The patrols have been named as follows: No. 1, the Wolves, colors, yellow and black; No. 2, the Racoons, colors, black and white; No. 3, Kangaroos, colors, red and grey; No. 4, Batsmen, colors, pink and white.

Next time you are strolling in the confines, and you are surprised by the sudden howl of a wolf, or the dreaded rattle of the rattlesnake, keep cool and look before you aim—it may be a Boy Scout.

Orders for the Week—Monday, June 8, parade at school house at 7:30; Thursday, June 11, parade at school house at 7:30. Tenderfoot and second class instruction on both nights.

Keep your eyes on Letterman.

Sit for your photo at Lan's Studio, one of the best photographers in the West.

The Presbyterian Church. Last Sabbath afternoon the pastor was formally inducted into the pastoral charge of the Redcliff congregation. There was a fair attendance of the members and adherents, but many who would wish to be present did not know of the service. The Rev. J. W. Morrow presided, inducted and addressed the people as to their part of the pastoral relation. The Rev. J. O. Watts preached an able discourse, reviewing an ancient interpretation of what occurred on the day of Pentecost. The Rev. William Shearer, superintendent of Missions, spoke to the newly inducted pastor as to his part of this new relation, which is but a continuance in a new form of that which has existed during the past two years and eight months. The solo by Mrs. H. R. Johnson was much appreciated. Next Sabbath the service in the church on Second street at 11 o'clock in the forenoon will include a discourse on "The Work of the Ministry." At the evening service in the Empress Theatre, at 7:30 Rev. Mr. Gordon will speak on "Disaster and the Empire of God." Sabbath school meets as usual at 2:15. The Union Bible class meets at 3:30 to study the parable of the Pharisees and the tax collector, and the story of Zacharias, the converted tax farmer. On Wednesday evening the prayer service at 8 o'clock will include similar "Prayer to Palestine." The choir meets on Thursday at 8 p. m. The Sabbath school is to have a picnic on July first, according to present plans.

Letterman means development.

Men's Christian League.

Last Sunday the Rev. Mr. Shearer of Calgary spoke at the league rooms on the subject, "The Contribution of Astronomy to Theology." The lecture was filled with interesting information and throughout was truly inspiring. This coming Sunday, June 7, Rev. D. R. Sharpe of Calgary was expected to speak, but owing to illness, it will be impossible for him to be present. Mrs. H. W. Wall has kindly consented to take his place. Her subject will be "Sketches of Life in India." She will be dressed in native costume. The time has been changed to 4:35 o'clock. The meeting is open to both ladies and gentlemen. Do not fail to attend.

Letterman—O. M. S.

Church of England.

Friday, Ember Day, even song at 8 p. m. Sunday next, Trinity Sunday, holy communion at 11 a. m.; Sunday school at 8:30, even song at 7:30. All services are held in the Parish Hall on corner of Fifth street and Fifth avenue. Welcome extended to all.

Letterman means development.

Baptist Church.

Services in the A. mass U. theatre, morning worship, 11 o'clock, subject, "The Great Danger of Little Evils." Children's services, "The Watch on the Lips." Sunday school 12 o'clock. This will be a special missionary service at which Mrs. H. W. Wall will speak. Evening worship, 7:30 o'clock. Come early for the song service. At the close of the service the ordinance of the Lord's supper will be observed. Next Tuesday evening the regular prayer meeting of the church will be held at the home of Mrs. Washburn.

Letterman—O. M. S.

Course for Cadet Instruction.

Arrangements are being made for a course of instruction at Calgary for school teachers who desire to qualify as cadet instructors. The course will begin about July 1 and will occupy about six weeks. The number of applicants accepted will be limited to 25 male teachers.

Transportation to and from Calgary will be provided for all accepted candidates and during the course an allowance of \$1 per day in addition to \$1 per day for subsistence will be made by the Department of Militia and Defence.

Teachers who have not already

taken the course and who desire to do so should make application at once to the district officer, commander, military district No. 13, Calgary, Alberta.

Employers of Labor should be protected by Liability Insurance. Let J. L. Landis & Co. write you policy in a good strong company. ***

TAKES CHARGE OF

THE REDCLIFF GARAGE. Mr. Roy Crouch, who has been running the City Garage, has severed his connection with that place and has rented the Redcliff Garage. His new place of business is fitted up as a first-class garage and he is prepared to do all kinds of repair work. He took charge of his new place of business last Wednesday morning.

LEAGUE FOOTBALL MATCH.

On Saturday, June 6, the Redcliff Football Club will play a league match with the Medicine Hat Callies, and the following team has been picked to play: Jones, Kelsey, Compston, Frolickson, McLean, Frolickson, Argue, D. Smith, Laxton, Andrews and Edwards (reserve) W. Smith. The game will be played on the Main street grounds and as the kick-off will be at 6:30 sharp, every player should be on the grounds by not later than 6:10 as they will dress in the club room at the field.

This promise to be one of the most interesting games of the season, as the Medicine Hat Callies have not yet been defeated in a league match, but the boys in Red and White expect to hang the Indian sign on their opponents this time.

Letterman will make good.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Lumber, Lath, Lime, Shingles, Plaster Mouldings.

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Goods Called for and Delivered. FIRST-CLASS WORK. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Clothes Cleaned and Pressed at 15c a Suit. P. O. BOX 194. 108 Fourth Street North East, REDCLIFF.

HERE'S A MAN THAT WANTS TWO LOTS

Little movement in real estate is noted this week, and owners of property seem reluctant to sell at any price that may be termed a "snap."

We Have a buyer for two lots, most anywhere on gas and water, the further out the better, as the price must be LOW and terms EASY

J.L. Landis & Co.

Medicine Hat, Toronto Street. Redcliff, 3rd Street.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

THE PIONEER BANK OF WESTERN CANADA. Established 1864. 210 Branches in Canada. Capital paid up \$6,758,000 Reserve fund \$6,820,180. Sir H. MONTAGU-ALLEN, C. V. O., President. E. F. HERBEN, General Manager.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT. We give special attention to Savings Accounts. One Dollar only necessary to open an account. Interest allowed at highest Bank Rate, added twice a year without application or presentation of Pass Book. No delay in withdrawals. Two or more persons may open a joint Account, and either party can withdraw money. F. R. PIKE, Manager. Redcliff Branch.

THE IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

Capital Authorized \$10,000,000 Capital paid up \$7,000,000 Reserve \$7,000,000 Total assets \$20,000,000. HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO. D. R. WILKIE, President. HON. ROUT, JAFFRAY, Vice-Pres.

SAVINGS ACCOUNT. Deposits of \$1 and upward received and interest allowed from date of deposit. DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS BOUGHT AND SOLD. B. E. HOWARD, Manager. Redcliff Branch.

A Suggestion!

After reading this issue of "The Review," mail it to a friend "Back East." They will appreciate your kindness. Try it, please.

MANUFACTURED GOODS COMING FROM STATES

Two-thirds of American Trade With
Canada is Finished Products—
A Change Needed

Particulars of United States exports to Canada as supplied in the Wall Street Journal, recently provide abundant food for thought for every Canadian, whether of protectionist or free trade lineage. According to the figures Canada, with a population of less than eight millions, is a large purchaser of United States goods than any other country in the world with the exception of the United Kingdom. Imports from United States have doubled, growing from \$16,000,000 in 1910 to \$18,000,000 in 1913. Some of the principal items are as follows:—

	1910	1913
Automobiles	\$2,335,000	\$5,260,000
Copper pipes	...	...
Iron, etc.	1,000,000	2,500,000
Steel rails	1,000,000	4,000,000
Cotton cloths	750,000	2,500,000
Locomotives	250,000	1,000,000
Lumber (boards)	...	...
Shoes, etc.	5,000,000	13,335,000
Structural iron and steel	...	...
Metal-working machinery	332,000	9,000,000
Agricultural implements	332,000	7,900,000
Pipes and fittings	1,500,000	4,000,000
Leather boots	1,250,000	3,000,000
Illuminating oil	100,000	1,000,000

In raw materials imported from the United States the increase is not so great. Most of the manufactured articles in which the United States trade has grown are protectionist. The figures would indicate however that the United States manufacturer with his vast organization and his specialized plant and enormous volume of trade, is still able to produce at a figure which discounts the average Canadian duty of 14 per cent. Those who would still further lower the tariff may well pause and consider whether it would be serving the best interests of the country by making Canada's adverse balance of trade with the United States still greater.

At present we must borrow money from England to pay for United States goods. Would not the financial stringency be less apparent in Canada if the greater part of this \$18,000,000 was spent in Canada and the money circulated among Canadian workmen, who in turn should be able to buy Canadian goods and their articles of food and clothing from Canadian merchants in Canadian towns? The thought naturally suggests itself that the trade policy of the country should be framed with a view to securing for the Canadian people a greater share in the industrial activity which imports from the United States indicate is now going elsewhere.

WOOL PRICES

Canada Little Affected by New United States Tariff

Mr. John Hallam of Toronto, one of Canada's foremost wool dealers, had an interesting article in the "Canadian Countryman" of recent date on the effect of the new Underwood Tariff Bill on the wool business in Canada. Generally speaking he does not think it will affect the price at which the Canadian farmer sells his wool very materially, but will result in the lowering of the price of wool for the American farmer; as the latter's home market will be thrown open to world-wide competition. Dealing with this phase of the subject Mr. Hallam writes: "In order to obtain an idea of the effect the removal of the tariff at present will produce, let us examine the effect on prices in the United States and Canada before and after the removal of the tariff under the Wilson Bill. On August 1st, 1912, while the tariff was in force, the Boston quotation for Ohio fine, washed wool was 90 1/2 cents while in Toronto on the same date unwashed wool was quoted at 10 cents. On August 1, 1913, after the tariff was removed, the same wool was quoted at 12 cents in Boston, and on the same date it was quoted at 11 1/2 cents in Toronto, so you can see that the prices were practically the same after the tariff had been removed. In May of the present year, in anticipation of the removal of the tariff, the Boston quotation for Ohio fine unwashed wool was 71 cents, and dealers in the United States were quoting the price paid for wool there last year, although the prices on wool in England, Canada, and the world's markets have advanced about 15 per cent over last year. It seems evident, therefore that the protection on wool has been of tremendous advantage to the American farmer. It has enhanced the price he has received for his wool from 50 to 70 cents."

FREE FOOD POLICY AND THE FARMERS

Many Independent Growers, View Proposed With Doubt—Could Not Lower Prices Much

While every Canadian is struggling with the new high cost of living problem there is no abounding faith that the removal of all duties of food products would help materially. At best it is viewed as an experiment which might be tried and if found wanting, rejected. "There is a feeling, however, that certain food products might and it is a costly experiment while their interests are not paramount it would be unwise to jeopardize their business without abundant evidence being forthcoming that every Canadian will benefit."

The Toronto Weekly Star, one of the leading farm papers in Canada, of pronounced free trade leanings and of strong friendliness towards Sir Wilfrid and his party, felt compelled to point out that the free food proposal was entirely illogical, that the trade duties set on our poultry, meat, and dairy products, and, obviously, would check the export of foodstuffs from Canada to the United States. Give the Ottawa Citizen that within a few months past has been quoted with much satisfaction by low tariff organs, feels compelled to utter a proposal as a catch cry which has been seized upon by a political party to make its fortunes without mature consideration. It states that the conditions caused by the high cost of living have been used to make a superficial appeal to the people. The author as a result, "This slogan," concludes the Citizen, "means nothing in actual or concrete terms."

The Ottawa Journal drives home the point. "There are some commodities which Canada might secure at a cheaper price than now were the tariff taken off. But, when farmers find it profitable to sell their produce to the United States, one could hardly hope for any material reduction in the cost of living simply by placing American commodities on the free list."

FARMING IN ENGLAND

Lloyd George's Big Task in the Back to the Land Movement

The necessity of the efforts of Lloyd George to get the people back to the land is manifest in recent English agricultural statistics. While it is too early to trace any results from the Chancellor's measures every one will pray for their success who reads that this year's decrease in total area under crops and grass in England and Wales is 43,397 acres. The decline in arable land amounts to 277,000 acres, most of which was transferred to permanent pasture, and the latter now for the first time surpasses 16,000,000 acres. Wheat shows a decline of 165,000 acres, oats a decline of 18,000 acres, while barley increased 108,000 acres. Potatoes declined by 21,000 and mangolds by 64,000 acres. Clover and grass under rotation fell by 27,000 acres, but the area reserved for hay shows an increase of 277,780 acres. The live stock returns show decreases among all classes of animals; cattle decreased by 124,778, but there are increases of cows in calf and of other cattle of two years and older. The total number of cows, 1,264,400, is about the same as in 1905. Sheep have declined by over 900,000, while the swine decrease is nearly 15 per cent, the total being somewhat more than in 1901.

When the deputations from the Canadian Council of Agriculture waited on Premier Borden a few weeks ago they expressed alarm at the depopulation of rural districts in Canada. They called on the Government to wipe out the tariff which they attributed the decline in agricultural production, with consequent high cost of living. A study of the foregoing figures from Free Trade England does not support the fallacy of the depopulation argument. The movement to urban centers, the high cost of living and other economic problems are common to the whole world. The tariff has little or nothing to do with them. The fact that the American farmer has been able to produce for his children in Great Britain. What is wanted in Canada is some constructive proposals. That is what Lloyd George has given England and our Canadian farmers will make better progress in solving the problems of the body politic when they suggest and support practical plans for agricultural betterment instead of denouncing in heated language other classes in the community who under a policy that has proven itself over a thirty year period are doing their share in the building up of the country.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST.

Letterman—O. M. S.

Cardston was nearly wiped out by fire last Sunday.

Mr. J. Jernoe, of Medicine Hat, spent last week-end as the guest of Mr. A. Van Nest.

Mr. Fred Fowler has gone to Vancouver, Sask.

Letterman means development.

E. L. Lane has returned from his holiday and will open his studio for business on Monday, June 8.

A force of men are now at work on our miles of extensions of water mains, which will be completed in six weeks, and cost \$75,000.

Still among the missing is Ernest A. Piers, who went to Calgary several weeks ago but to see the crazy people there. He is probably a victim of the oil madness by this time.

McGee & Co. have closed their office here temporarily and are now engaged in making the furniture of the Star Oil Company, in which they are heavily interested. They will drill in the Calgary field.

Mrs. Gordon, of the Mysos, is visiting at Gros Ventre, the guest of Mrs. William Peltier. She expects to return on Tuesday.

Mrs. H. O. Wheeler and son David left last Wednesday for a visit to the States. They will join Mr. Wheeler, who left Tuesday morning, Minneapolis, Chicago and other cities will be visited before their return.

Durbar II, won the famous English Derby which was run last Wednesday. Gaius was regarded as a dark horse, and one of 25 to 1 odds was laid against him. The horse was owned by H. B. Durban, an American.

Letterman—Letterman—Letterman.

Otto M. Shipley has been appointed the selling agent for the Letterman Oil Company, of which D. MacAllister of the Overland Department Stores is president. This company has valuable leases and should be successful.

R. and W. C. McEwen, J. R. Cull and other Redcliff real estate men have organized the Star Petroleum and Gas Company with a capital stock of \$500,000. They have some leases in the Calgary field, and expect to drill a well there.

Walt Anderson, champion heavyweight wrestler of Alberta, has been matched to wrestle Ernest Fryb280 pounds, of Edmonton, in Golden on June 11, and to wrestle Bert Simmons, of Regina, in our theatre at Golden on June 12.

Letterman's leaves lead.

A representative of a Toledo, Ohio, firm, dealing in municipal bonds, was in town Friday getting a line on the financial condition of the town with a view to bidding on water and sewer bonds. He was evidently impressed with the prospects of the city.

Mrs. H. R. Corson and daughter left last Wednesday morning for St. Paul and other points in the States. They expect to visit Chicago, Youngstown, Boston and other cities. They expect to be gone about two months.

The tennis courts are ready for playing now, and members are invited to make use of the courts. All members are invited to witness the friendly.

D. FRED H. ROBERTSON,

Federal Director

and

Embalmer.

Graduate, under Prof. Chas. H. Gungor, of New York.

Ten Years' Experience.

Office and Parlors in connection with Redcliff Furniture Co.

Phone 92.

JUST ARRIVED

A Beautiful Assortment of

SILVER

Such as

CASSEBOLES,

BAKERS,

FRUIT DISHES,

VEGETABLES, ETC.

As Fine Assortment as You Will Find in Any Large City.

A. SYMON

Practical Watchmaker, Jeweller, Engraver and Optician.

Insurer of Marriage Licenses.

by tournament at Medicine Hat tomorrow afternoon.

If any of the readers of this paper should see a medium-sized, straw-colored, slender, man, about 25 years of age, who is wearing a dark suit, and who is carrying a satchel, and who is looking for some one to see him, please let him know that he is being sought by the police.

The free prizes which are being given away monthly at Crowe & Co.'s store are creating big excitement among the men. This month a fine \$55 gold watch is being given away to the customer who guesses the nearest time the watch stops. Every one who purchases 50 cents worth of goods is entitled to a guess.

Watch Letterman.

At the Masonic Grand Lodge meeting held in Banff last week George Jackson was elected Grand Master. The districts were also re-arranged and now Redcliff is in District No. 2, instead of District No. 7. No. 2 District comprises Banff, Redcliff, Medicine Hat, Grassy Lake, Bow Island, and the other districts.

The Review is being congratulated on all sides for going to the expense of traveling to London to get the latest news of the Empire of Ireland disaster. The Review furnished its readers at 8 o'clock Friday afternoon with the same report as appeared Saturday morning's dailies.

Thomas Crooks was the winner of the Morris chair offered by Len Barber to his customers this week. It is to be hoped that Thomas will not take things too easy in this comfortable chair and neglect his sanitary and other duties.

The Letterman Oil Development Company, with a capital of \$500,000.

UNCLASSIFIED AD.

REMARKING and Ladies' Tailoring, by Mrs. J. R. Cull, First Floor, 5th St., in Sparks Apartment Block.

FOR RENT—Shack of three rooms; water; near Glass Works; \$8 per month; also one two-room shack near depot; \$6 per month. Apply to Fred Odlin, Redcliff Furniture Co. 196

FOR RENT—A five-room house in Lockwood, Inquire G. F. Livingston, box 253.

FOR SALE—A small barn with four stalls and was built to be moved very easily; at a bargain; can be seen back of Laurel Hotel. Inquire of W. F. Venn.

LOST—Child's gold necklace and chain; lockets has Mary engraved upon it; finder please return to D. F. Robertson, Redcliff Furniture Co. 231

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Letterman will make good.

The Review has recently failed to get a little news from the city. It is a good thing, with an amiable disposition, and is said to be a cross between a cocker spaniel and a dachshund. We want a cat—a malleable cat that will catch mice. Any one wanting to trade animals may find a good bargain at this office.

Peter Day and Robert Lalng, of Aberdeen, and George Anderson, of Glasgow, capitalists, who are making their address to the Hotel Palliser, where they may hereafter be found.

Redcliff oil barons have changed their address to the Hotel Palliser, where they may hereafter be found.

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